

**STANDARD
ARRIVAL CHART
INSTRUMENT (STAR)**

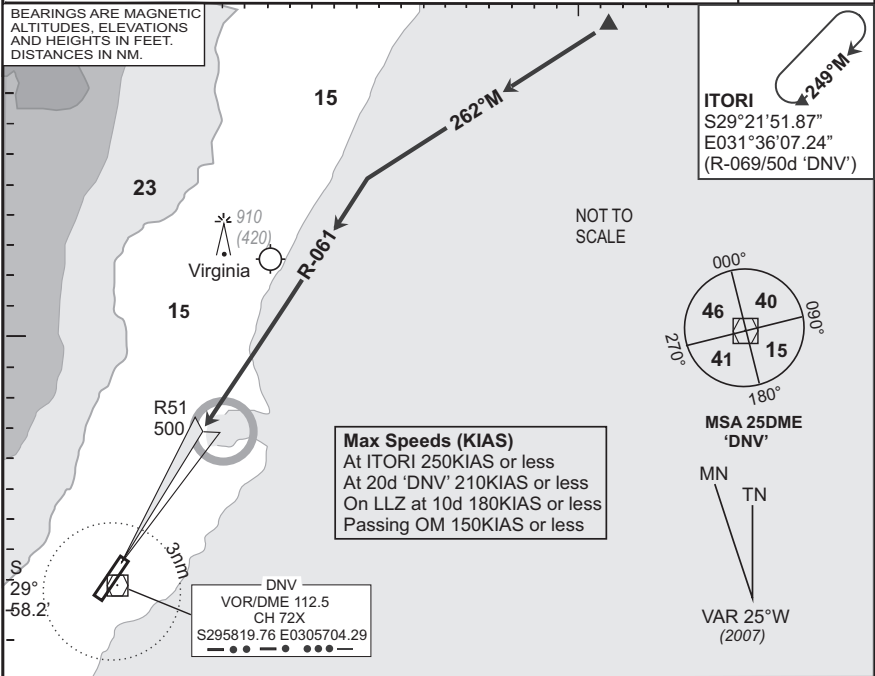
**DURBAN INTL
RWY 24
ITORI 1B**

Elev 33	T.alt 5500 T.llev ATC	Approach 119.1	Tower 118.7	ATIS 127.0	ARR-09
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FADN

1. Applicable only when Surveillance Radar is in operation.
2. Only aircraft equipped to comply with Part 91.34 RoA may accept procedures overflying the ocean.
3. If unable to comply with procedure, notify ATC.

EFF
05 Jul 07



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STAR	RWY	Routing (including Min Noise Routing)
ITORI 1B	24	Leave ITORI on track 262°M to intercept R-061 'DNV' (inbound). Within 17DME 'DNV' adjust onto the LLZ for straight-in ILS RWY 24.
Comm Fail (Squawk 7600)		<p>Before ITORI. Proceed to ITORI and enter the ITORI hold. Hold at last assigned level for minimum 5 minutes, then descend to FL090 in the hold, or maintain last assigned level if below FL090. Leave ITORI on the after ITORI Communication Failure procedure.</p> <p>After ITORI. Continue on the ITORI 1B STAR, maintain last assigned level. Passing 20DME 'DNV' proceed direct to 'DNV', descend to 5000 FT ALT. On reaching 'DNV' complete the VOR/DME/ILS approach and land RWY 24.</p> <p>Communication Failure Procedure for STAR: In the event of a missed approach with the intention of diverting to an alternate aerodrome, proceed as follows: To the north-east, follow the routing for the VAVAN 1D SID. To the north, follow the routing for the GREYTOWN 2D SID. To the north-west, follow the routing for the EXATA 1D SID. To the west and south-west, follow the routing for the APDOG 1D SID. To the south, follow the routing for the NETIK 1D SID.</p> <p>Note 1. Whenever ATC uses terminology 'Radar vectored short ILS APCH', the interpretation should be that the glide path intercept will be below INA and resulting in a shorter final approach than normal.</p>

CAA South Africa